Module 9: Linear regression

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Linear regression in R

```
library(tidyverse) #ggplot2, dplyr, etc.
library(reshape2) #need this for melt()
library(knitr) #need this for kable
library(MASS) #contains dataset
```

Load the birthwt data. This data contains 189 observations, 9 predictors, and an outcome, birthweight, available both as a continuous measure and a binary indicator for low birth weight.

```
data(birthwt)
head(birthwt)
```

```
##
      low age lwt race smoke ptl ht ui ftv
## 85
           19 182
                             0
                                    0
           33 155
                      3
                                    0
                                       0
##
  86
                             0
                                            3 2551
           20 105
                      1
                                            1 2557
           21 108
                                 0
                                    0 1
                                            2 2594
## 88
                             1
                      1
## 89
           18 107
                                 0
                                    0
                                            0 2600
                      1
                             1
                             0
                                            0 2622
## 91
           21 124
                                    0
```

- 1. Plot a scatterplot of birthweight (bwt) and mother's weight (lwt).
- 2. Use OLS to fit the regression of birthweight on mother's weight.
- 3. Extract the following: estimated coefficients, standard errors, variance-covariance matrix, and confidence intervals.
- 4. Plot the regression line and interpret the intercept and slope
- 5. Does the interpretation of the intercept make sense? How might we change this?
- 6. Now, we want to fit a model that includes race, mother's age, and smoking status in the model. Race takes on value 1 for white, 2 for black, and 3 for other. Mother's age is continuous. Smoking status is binary. Write out the regression function we may be interested in.
- 7. Use OLS to calculate the coefficient estimates in this model.
- 8. Interpret all the coefficient estimates.
- 9. Print the results in Rmarkdown using kable().