## Exercises for Module 6: Topology and Linear Algebra

1. Let  $(X, \mathcal{T})$  be a topological space and  $A \subseteq X$  be dense. Show that if  $A \subseteq B \subseteq X$ , then B is dense as well.

2. Let  $(X, \mathcal{T})$  be a Hausdorff topological space. Show that the singleton  $\{x\}$  is closed for all  $x \in X$ . Hint: Show that the complement is open. 3. Let  $(X, \mathcal{T}_X)$ ,  $(Y, \mathcal{T}_Y)$  and  $(Z, \mathcal{T}_Z)$  be topological spaces and let  $f: X \to Y$ ,  $g: Y \to Z$  be continuous. Show that  $g \circ f: X \to Z$  is continuous as well.

4. Let (X, d) be a metric space and  $K \subset X$  compact. Show that for all  $\epsilon > 0$  there exists  $\{x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n\} \subseteq K$  such that for all  $y \in K$  we have  $d(y, x_i) < \epsilon$  for some  $i = 1, \ldots, n$ .

5. Suppose that  $\alpha \in \mathbb{F}, \mathbf{v} \in V$ , and  $\alpha \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0}$ . Prove that a = 0 or  $\mathbf{v} = 0$ .

6. Prove the following: Let V be a vector space and let  $U_1, U_2 \subseteq V$  be subspaces. Then  $U_1 \cap U_2$  is also a subspace of V.

7. Let  $U_1$  and  $U_2$  be subspaces of a vector space V. Prove that  $U_1 \cup U_2$  is a subspace of V if and only if  $U_1 \subseteq U_2$  or  $U_2 \subseteq U_1$ .